Charger Types and Speeds

EVs can be charged using Electric Vehicle Service Equipment (EVSE) operating at different charging speeds.

	Level 1	Level 2	BC Fast Charging
Connector Type	J1772 connector	J1772 connector	CCS connector
	00	•••	Tesla connector
Voltage	120 V AC	208 - 240 V AC	400 V - 1000 V DC
Typical Power Output	1 kW	7 kW	50 - 350 kW
Estimated Charge Time from Empty	40 - 50 hours	4 - 10 hours	20 minutes - 1 hour ⁶
Estimated Range per Hour of Charging	2 - 5 miles	10 - 20 miles	180 - 240 miles
Typical Locations	Home	Home, Workplace,	Public

Level 1

Level 1 equipment provides charging through a common residential 120-volt (120V) AC outlet. Level 1 chargers can take 40-50+ hours to charge a BEV from 80 percent to full.

Level 2

Level 2 equipment offers higher-rate AC charging through 240V, and is common for home, workplace, and public charging. Level 2 chargers can charge a BEV to from 80 percent to full from empty in 4-10 hours.

Direct Current Fast Charging (DCFC)

Direct Current Fast Charging (DCFC) often referred to as Level 3, equipment offers rapid charging along heavy-traffic corridors at installed stations. DCFC equipment can charge a BEV to 80 percent in just 20 minutes to 1 hour.



For more information on charging please follow QR code below. Our DOC site has provided updated charger info and how-to videos for plugshare and charger use.



Find chargers nearby or plan your route with Plugshare



800-BR004 (R. 04/2024)

UNDERSTANDING EV CHARGERS AND HOW TO USE PLUGSHARE



DES (M-Plate) Support 360.664.9210 mpmail@des.wa.gov

🎦 PlugShare



Setting up Plugshare Filters

- Kilowatt Range: For longer drives where charging between locations is needed, move the bottom slider point to 50, this will only bring up Level 3 DC chargers. For trips where you will be parked for a while, leave it at zero to see all the level 2 chargers near by.
- Networks: Currently DES provides access to Shell Recharge, EVGo, and ChargePoint. Select these 3 to filter out other chargers.
- Plugs: All of our vehicles will have one of the 3 chargers
 - Tesla (all models) -- Tesla
 - Nissan Leaf -- CHAdeMO
 - Everything else -- J-1772/CCS

Plugshare Tips

- When possible, preplan your route and find chargers near where you will be working / traveling
- Try to only fill to 80% on the road, the last 20% usually takes longer, which will cause delays in travel
- Click on the map icons, charger use, location, notes and status are in the pop up
- In an emergency, don't let yourself end up stuck. Change Networks to all, and find the nearest charger (do not change your plug type) – DES / DOC will reimburse any out of pocket charging fees

Understanding the Map Icons

- Green Pin Level 2
- Orange Pin Level 3 50 kWh +
- Brown Pin unavailable to public
- Wrench charger being serviced

Plugshare is an app approved by IT for DOC phones

T Filters				
Kilowatt Range	e: 50 k	W - 350	+ kW	
0				• 350+
Station Count				
Any	2+	4+	6+	
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Your vehicle is use stations	d to dete	rmine cor	patible chargin	ng
Plugs (2 of 9)		Toggle All	
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Tesla (Fast)	CCS/SAE		CHAdeMO	
() () () () () () () () () () () () () (0.0			
J-1772	Tesla		Tesla (Roadst	er)

Tips for maximizing your range while driving



- 1. Gentle acceleration: If your vehicle has an eco-mode, select it for a more gentle acceleration setting.
- 2. Watch your speed: The calculations for range on most BEV are done at 60 mph, just like an ICE vehicle, higher speeds will reduce battery range.
- 3. Use regenerative braking/One-pedal driving: this feature uses the momentum of the vehicle to provide small doses of charge, extending the range, every time you lift your foot off the "gas" pedal.
- 4. Understand AC/Heater draws: Warm up or cool down the vehicle while charging. Use heated or cooled seats over the AC/Heater system.
- 5. Plan your route accordingly. Just like ICE vehicles, how and where you drive will affect range. Constant stop and go, large hills, inclement weather, heavier loads – all these will affect the over all range of a BEV.